30 Days of Developmental Activities: 12 to 18 Months



Week 1

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
What's the Scoop?	Step Up & Down	Roll the Ball	Joint Attention	Megaphone	Dump & Fill	Sing & Do
to the spoon on it, such as yogurt or mashed potatoes and see if she can guide it to her own mouth. Guide at the elbow if needed and fade your assistance. You can practice these same food scooping	negotiate steps from a standing instead of a crawl- ing position. Hold one or both hands as needed and practice on one step or a curb to start. Once your	feet from your child and demonstrate how to roll a large ball. Encourage them to roll it back and make a fun game of it. You can sing "roll, roll, roll the ball gently across the floor" instead of Row Your Boat.	be following your gestures to look toward things you show her. If she looks for her ball, say, "Your ball is behind you" and point toward her back. See if she looks around, finds the	or toilet tissue rolls and show your child how to put it against their mouth and speak, sing or make sil- ly sounds. Sometimes this greatly enhances a child's participation in sound making and speech imita- tion.	Toddlers LOVE to dump and fill repeatedly, so provide them with varied containers and dump truck type vehicles to do so. They will help clean up, but probably as soon as everything goes into the box it will all be dumped out again!	with your child, especially songs with gestures. If you don't know the gestures, make them up! "Itsy Bitsy Spider," "Wheels on the Bus," and "Old MacDon- ald" are a few. Encourage
Skills: Self-feeding, fine motor.	Skills: Gross motor skills, strength, depth perception, body in space awareness.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Skills: Cognitive, recep-		Skills: Fine motor, grasp, release, wrist rotation.	Skills: Receptive/expressive language, imitation, motor planning.

Week 2

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Bubble Popping	Blanket Swing	Scoop & Poke	Furniture Climb	Paper Tearing	Sit on a Stool	Peek a Boo On the Go
age popping using hands and/or feet. Clap bubbles, reach high and low for	have your child lie down in the blanket, have one adult hold one end and another adult hold the other and swing the child gently back	with utensils for at least part of every meal. Some kids are able to poke food with a fork before they can scoop food with a spoon.	will naturally want to climb onto adult furniture and this is good practice for his motor skills. Allow him to climb onto low couch- es, ottomans, chairs and stools with supervision. If you have a child sized chair, help him to negotiate	paper is still a fun toddler activity. Save tissue paper from gifts and demonstrate tearing paper and rolling it into balls and then use a glue stick to stick it to a piece of paper or cardboard to make a colorful	Use a small foot stool; the perfect size means your child is in a 90-90-90 position with back straight, hips straight & feet flat on the floor. Doing activities while seated on a stool requires your child to focus more on sitting and improve sitting control and balance.	mobile and active you can continue to play peek a boo by encouraging him to hide behind furniture or doors while in the move. If he goes into another room, say "Where did Tommy go?" and hear him giggle and then go find him with
Skills: Gross/fine motor, balance, coordination.	Skills: Sensory, vestibular.	Skills: Self-feeding, fine motor.	climbing into the chair. Skills: Gross motor, motor planning, strength, balance, coordination.	' '	Skills: Gross motor, balance, trunk strength, stability, coordination.	a "Peek a boo, I see you!" Skills: Gross motor, cognitive, socialization.

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Week 3

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Walk & Carry	Squat & Stand	Dance Dance Dance	Cheerios in the Bottle	One Step Commands	Yours & Mine	On, Under, In, Behind
walking for a few weeks, encourage him to carry a large ball or toy while walking. This helps bring his arms in toward his body and works on walking balance without using his arms (often out to sides for new walkers in "high	go from standing down to a squat position to pick something up off the floor and then then back up to standing again. Eventually	music is a great motivator so put on your favorite tunes and shake it up with your child. See if he can imitate arm movements, leg movements, spin in cir- cles, etc.	with a small opening and bring a container of puffs or Cheerios. Show your child how to drop the Cheerios into the bottle and invert the container to	follow simple one-step commands such as "Get your cup" or "Find your shoes." If she can easily follow one step commands, then you can begin to work on two step commands such as "Get your cup and	and can point to a few body parts you can have her identify your body parts and learn the words "yours" and "mine." Say "Where is your nose?" and encourage her to point to	learn prepositions by encouraging them to find toys that are "on" the table, "under" the table, "in" the toy box or "behind" their back.
	ting, strength, balance,	Skills: Gross motor, balance, coordination, listening, rhythm, music appreciation.	pincer grasp, wrist rota-	Skills: Receptive/expressive language, listening, following directions.	Skills: Receptive/expressive language, cognitive, identification, memory.	

Week 4

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Bubble Blowing	Puzzles	Feed the Baby	Fill in the Blank	Where Is?	Put It On the Post	Squeeze & Squirt
out. Blow bubbles for your	Encourage your child to remove pieces and then	tend play using baby dolls, stuffed toys or action fig- ures. Use a plastic spoon and a cup and encourage your child to "feed the baby" or "give the bear a	iar with certain songs such as "Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star." Sing this song and begin to leave a word off at the end and see if she	find familiar objects, peo- ple and pets. Ask "Where is Daddy?" and see if he goes to find him in another room or ask "where is the cat?" and see if he points	or CDs as rings and use	swimming pool, use turkey basters to squeeze and squirt water or use spong-
Skills: Oral motor, language.	Skills: Cognitive, discrimination, problem solving, fine motor, reach, grasp, release, spatial awareness.	,	Skills: Receptive, expressive language, cognitive, memory, attention.		Skills: Fine motor, perceptual motor, hand-eye coordination.	Skills: Fine motor, hand strength, dexterity.

Week 5

Monday Help your child learn to get on and off a small trike or rocking horse or to straddle your legs for a horsey ride.	Skills: Gross motor skills, motor planning, balance, & coordination.	Tuesday Body Parts	Play a game of body part identification by pointing, using a mirror or singing "Head, Shoulders, Knees & Toes".	Skills: Cognitive, identification, memory, receptive/ expressive language.
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